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LITERACY SCORED BY PRESIDENT COATES

Eastern President Delivers Masterly Address On Kentucky Conditions At Meeting of Educators

Dr. T. J. Coates, president of Eastern Kentucky State Normal School, gave Kentucky something to think about in a strong address he delivered Wednesday before the County Superintendent's Department of the Kentucky Educational Association in session at Louisville.

That the American nation will certainly, at some time in the future, seek definite information as to the school system which allowed 10 per cent of the fighting men who went to Europe to remain completely illiterate, without any knowledge whatever of reading and writing and other fundamental principles of education, was a prophecy of Prof. Coates. This declaration was made at the outset of his address, when he said:

"An overwhelming feeling that education is a necessity for everybody, a feeling that will arouse the people to realization of the fundamental fact that one cannot have real democracy without education, is the great need in Kentucky. You cannot have true democracy when the balance of power is held by people who are unable to read or write.

"No nation in all the world ever made a supreme sacrifice for the sake of an ideal, but that it did not subsequently scrutinize carefully its own institutions in the light of that ideal. The United States has made the supreme sacrifice for an ideal. That ideal was to make the world safe for democracy. For the ideal America bridged the ocean and sent millions of fighting men to battle on a foreign soil."

That it is to the interests of the teachers themselves in Kentucky schools to see that they are at their best, was a declaration of Dr. Coates. The people of Kentucky, some day, will turn about for a look at their system of education, and will ask themselves if what they have is the best available, and if the system of selecting teachers and superintendents is the best.

This, he said, is essentially true because the new problem now is to make democracy safe for the world.

"Aristocracy," he declared, "has been weighed and found wanting. It was found unsafe for the world, after trial. Now the safety of democracy is at stake. No democracy can be considered safe when a large mass of the people are deep in ignorance of literacy. The time must and will come when states are freed of states which absolutely tie the hands of education."

Another declaration by President Coates was that illiteracy is a serious menace to the nation, symptom of a great, dangerous disease. Illiteracy, he said, forms a fertile field for the doctrines of Bolshevism and the other doctrines which are a threat to national security.

Some figures as to the real extent of illiteracy in America were given by President Coates when he declared that 700,000 men of draft age in this county can neither read nor write.

"This means," he said, "that these men could not understand an order when it was written. At times this meant a life, and at times it might mean a nation. It is a fact that 200,000 out of the first 2,000,000 men sent to Europe could not read or write. They were illiterates, but they were representing a democracy which sent them on a crusade for that cause."

With regard to illiterate soldiers, the speaker declared that recently in Louisville he had seen fine, strapping specimens of young manhood who had volunteered for enlistment in the nation's service, but could not sign their applications.

"Illiterates in the United States," he said, "number 5,516,163. Of these 4,600,000 are men over 20 years of age. Of that number 3,100,000 are native born and 1,500,000 are of foreign birth. This means that the vast number of 1,500,000 men in this country cannot read the Declaration of Independence, unless it is conveyed to them through some foreign tongue. With respect to the illiterate soldier, he is not only at a disadvantage himself, but is dangerous to others."

"As leaders of education in our state, it is our duty to look to its advancement," declared Dr. Coates. "If our institutions do not produce a democracy which will stand the test, another ideal will take its place in the future."

"What will the world say?" he asked, "of a democracy which sent on its crusade 200,000 men for whom it had not done all that was due? Likewise, what will the people of the United States say?"

Armistice Extended a Month

Paris, Jan. 17.—Havas.—The German armistice has been extended one month by the Commissioners who have concluded their sessions at Treves. The clauses offered by the allies concerning agricultural implements, Russian prisoners of war, naval conditions and restitution of material stolen by Germans from invaded countries, was signed by enemy delegates.

Borah Against Secrecy

Washington, Jan. 17.—Senator Borah, of Idaho, and Senator Williams, of Mississippi, today addressed the Senate in protest against secrecy at the peace conference. Borah said the question was whether the President's point for open diplomacy was to be disregarded entirely. Williams said he was glad to see republicans helping the President in his fight.

Counter Revolution in Russia

Pelsingfors, Jan. 17.—A counter revolution has broken out in Petrograd, according to reports from Reval and the Bolsheviks have started a hurried general retreat eastward from Esthonia.

Thought Man Was Crazy

"I have suffered from stomach and liver trouble for years; the last two years people have been calling me crazy. The doctors could not do anything for me. The awful bloating of gas seemed to press against my heart and I could not think clearly. Three months ago a friend advised taking Mayr's Wonderful Remedy and it has worked wonders in my case. All my bloating and suffering is gone and I feel as though newly born." It is a simple harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. H. L. Perry & Son, and druggists everywhere. 1t

FOR RENT—Two nice office rooms over Stockton's Drug Store. Apply at drug store. 33 tf

ated States say when they begin to take stock and to inquire why \$20,000,000 of debts were piled up for an ideal—when they begin to ask what justified the expenditure?"

The first question, he said, will be asked of the schools. He declared that he is proud of the fact that Kentucky is not alone the first state in the Union, but the first place in the world to take up the illiteracy problem in a definite way. The Kentucky plan of wiping out illiteracy has been adopted in many other states, and though there have been many criticisms, never has there been a single suggestion of a better method.

The Kentucky way, Dr. Coates said deserves the sympathy of every man and woman who lives in Kentucky, who love Kentucky children, and who believe that the 200,000 illiterate soldiers have been denied an opportunity.

"The lesson of the future," President Coates stated, "is that it is the privilege of all to have full opportunity at all times to learn."

The cure, he said, is not by striking at symptoms, but to treat the disease itself. A survey, Dr. Coates asserted, has revealed that illiteracy begets illiteracy. There never has been an illiterate child, he declared, but that one or both of its parents were unlearned. To rid childhood of the affliction, he pointed out, is impossible if illiteracy is allowed to remain among parents. It is this state of affairs, he said, that develops much of the resistance against compulsory education and attendance.

The American people, he said, are just beginning to learn that the best thing in the world is service. He asserted it will be worth while service when the people realize that the duty toward the illiterate class rests equally upon everyone. The future of everything that is good and worth while depends upon education, Dr. Coates declared, in urging that all Kentucky educators realize their duty and lend their support and influence to the movement during the year.

Dr. CHAS. E. SMOOT

Special attention to diseases of EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT. Office Building, Richmond, Ky.

LAND SURVEYING

W. D. SMITH, Surveyor, Richmond, Ky.

Pneumonia Takes Splendid Young Red House Man

The community was greatly shocked Wednesday evening when it became known that Mr. Wayne Thomas Davis, son of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Davis, had succumbed to pneumonia after an illness of only a few days, at their home at Red House. Mr. Davis was 22 years old, just beginning life, and was the idol of his parents and a favorite with everyone in the community. His many affable traits of character attracted people to him. He always had a cheerful greeting for everyone he met. He is survived by his father, mother and brother Elkan Davis, who have the sympathy of many friends and neighbors who hope the Heavenly Father will comfort them in their deep hour of sorrow. The funeral services will be conducted at the grave in Richmond cemetery Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock by Rev. D. H. Matherly. Pallbearers will be Messrs. Jake Parks, Mitchell Reeves, Charley Elkin, Cecil Elkin, Hugh Pigg and Louis H. Pigg.

Dies Near Waco

Many friends regretted to learn of the death of John W. Moores which occurred at his home at Waco after a long period of invalidism, he having been partially paralyzed for a number of years. Mr. Moores was about 65 years of age, and was a brother of Hon. G. B. Moores. He was never married. Funeral services were conducted at the family burying round near his home Thursday.

STORE DAMAGED BY FIRE

The stock of goods of Mayor H. B. Scrivner, of Winchester, was greatly damaged by smoke and water in the fire Sunday night. The loss is practically covered by insurance.

ALL COME HOME SOON.

Washington Jan. 17.—Demobilization of combat units in the United States has been ordered. Gen. March, Chief of Staff, told the House Military Committee today. This means, he added, that every unit of the army in the United States, with the exception of two regular regiments held for police duty at each camp, has been ordered to be demobilized.

Mr. Brown Hampton continues quite ill at his home in the country.

SAYS COLD WEATHER BRINGS RETURN OF INFLUENZA

Public Must Be Careful To Avoid Second Epidemic. Easier To Prevent Than Cure. What To Do.

"Encouraging reports of the fewer cases of influenza in this vicinity should not allow us to relax our vigilance or to become careless in the belief that the danger is all over," says a well known authority. With the coming of cold weather there is apt to be a return of this frightful epidemic and its seriousness will depend on the extent of the precautions taken by the public to prevent infection.

When the air is full of influenza germs, you may constantly be breathing them into your nose and throat. But their danger may be avoided and you may make yourself practically immune to infection if you destroy the germ before it actually begins work in your blood.

During the recent serious epidemic which hit Richmond so hard, most successful results were obtained by many through the simple breathing into the nose, throat and lungs of the medicated air of oil of Hyomei. Probably no better, safer or more sensible precaution against Influenza, Grippe, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, or Catarrh of the nose and throat could be employed than to go now to the nearest drug store and get a complete Hyomei outfit consisting of a bottle of the pure Oil of Hyomei, and a little vest-pocket hard rubber inhaling device into which a few drops of the oil are poured.

Carry this inhaler with you during the day and each half hour or so put it in your mouth and draw deep breaths of its pure healing germicidal air into the passages of your nose, throat and lungs to destroy any germ that may have found lodgement there. This simple precaution may save a serious illness and the loss of several weeks work. It is pleasant to use and not at all expensive as the inhaler will last a lifetime and further supplies of the Oil of Hyomei can be had at any drug store for a few cents.

Hundreds of people in this vicinity used Hyomei in this way during the recent crisis and avoided danger. They should not neglect to know for the

70c TOBACCO IS NOT UNUSUAL HERE NOW

Richmond Market Continues Best In State—Madison House Gets Some More High Prices For Patrons

Seventy-cent tobacco is getting to be an every-day thing at the Madison House this week and most any sort of weed with class to it will sell that high. Half a dozen growers had baskets to sell around 70c cents this morning, and of course all are well pleased while Manager Elmer Deatherage is in his glory when he is getting that kind of prices for his customers and friends. Entire averages are way up and there isn't any telling just how high the market is going. Both houses are unable to accommodate the flood of weed which keeps rolling in, and as fast as it is sold, it is rolled out and more crops are unloaded. The Madison House block, if not sold out today, will be finished Saturday morning, by agreement of the members of the Board of Trade, and the first sales Monday will be at the Home house.

Some of the fine prices being paid at the Madison this morning were: Alley Ledford sold 110 lbs at 35c; 100 at 40c; 40 at 60c; 110 at 34c; 90 at 16 1-4c; 50 at 16c.

Gaines and Long sold 210 at 41c; 100 at 68c, 125 at 69c, 225 at 49c, 115 at 58c, 120 at 60c, 175 at 61c, 95 at 49c, 135 at 34c, 60 at 20 1-2c.

D. W. Witt sold 105 at 38c, 20 at 53c, 95 at 40c, 35 at 19 3-4c, 100 at 27 1-2c, 145 at 16c.

O. P. Jackson sold 185 at 35c, 235 at 35c, 185 at 39c, 370 at 41, 520 at 38c, 115 at 25c, 325 at 16 1-4c, 425 at 18c, 280 at 17 1-2c.

Parks Bros. sold 140 at 52c, 115 at 58c, 240 at 57c, 125 at 43c, 120 at 70c, 50 at 22c, 80 at 24c, 70 at 27c, 100 at 16c, 160 at 41c, 240 at 59c, 135 at 60c, 290 at 71c, 165 at 56c, 210 at 33c, 110 at 32c.

George M. Baker sold 90 lbs at 33c, 210 lbs at 35c, 255 at 33c, 130 at 59c, 140 at 57c, 195 at 48c, 195 at 48c, 20 at 49c, 160 at 20 1-2c.

Malinda Sanders sold 390 lbs at 33c, 485 at 31c, 65 at 54c, 680 at 41c, 575 at 26c, 30 at 16c.

E. B. Grant sold 120 at 45c, 30 at 56c, 145 at 45c, 260 at 47, 355 at 31c.

Ballard and Johnson sold 80 lbs at 25 1-2c, 90 at 22 1-2c, 65 at 21 1-2c, 225 at 45c, 110 at 49c, 90 at 46c, 316 at 55c, 130 at 70c, 20 out 73c, 195 at 72c, 120 at 78c, 85 at 52c, 125 at 71c, 55 at 70c, 35 at 37c, 215 at 43c, 345 at 49c, 105 at 16c, 60 at 16c, 180 at 40c, 305 at 56c, 265 at 70c, 205 at 71c, 315 at 35c.

Prather and Hathman sold 195 lbs at 17c, 295 at 41c, 185 at 40c, 435 at 45c, 455 at 50c, 330 at 48c, 175 at 52c, 430 at 40c.

E. B. Grant sold 80 lbs at 71c, 45 at 73c, 30 at 67c, 35 at 66c, 190 at 45c, 165 at 16c, 270 at 25c, 335 at 30c, 215 at 42c, 65 at 16c, 140 at 30c, 110 at 40c, 60 at 50c, 20 at 59c, 85 at 63c, 120 at 66c.

Curtis and Prewitt sold 365 lbs at 59c, 450 at 48c, 320 at 56c, 190 at 50c, 120 at 66c, 275 at 49c, 370 at 52c, 125 at 46c, 615 at 40c, 390 at 39c, 485 at 40c, 32 out 25 1-2c, 40 at 16c.

West and Simpson sold 185 at 48c, 65 at 60c, 115 at 71c, 70 at 70c, 60 at 60c, 70 at 72c, 120 at 36c, 105 at 59c, 20 at 60c, 165 at 44c, 90 at 18 3-4c, 25 at 16c, 65 at 18 1-4c.

A Richmond Report

Fully Corroborated and Easily Investigated.

Do you need a good kidney medicine? Then read the reports in these very columns of Richmond persons cured or benefited with Doan's Kidney Pills. You won't have to go far to find out if they are true. This Richmond case is an example. Others will follow.

H. C. Brewer, grocer on Big Hill avenue, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills at different times when my kidneys have been out of order, and I know they are a good remedy. My back ached, I had soreness in my kidneys and it hurt me to stoop. My kidneys acted irregularly, especially if I caught cold. Doan's Kidney Pills have never failed to relieve the trouble and strengthen my back."

Price 60 cents at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Brewer had. Foster-McMillan Co., Mfgs. Buffalo, N. Y. 3 in 5w

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Hurst are in Knoxville this week to attend the Kelly-Hurst wedding.

To The Dyspeptic. Would you not like to feel that your stomach troubles are over, that you can eat any kind of food that you desire? Doan's Kidney Pills have cured thousands of people who were suffering from indigestion, flatulence, and other stomach troubles. They should not neglect to know for the

To Ask Rigid Law To Insure A Dry Nation

Chicago, Jan. 17.—The 25 prohibition and anti-saloon league organizations have agreed on a "bone dry" federal act to be presented to Congress, according to a bulletin issued today from anti-saloon league headquarters. It tentatively provides for federal commissioners to enforce the act, fixing adequate penalties for violation of intoxicating liquors as contraband with a search and seizure provision to the act and safeguarding the sale of patent medicines capable of being used as beverages.

WHAT NATION-WIDE WILL DO

Washington, Jan. 17.—Here are a few of the things, it is claimed, the prohibition constitutional amendment will do:

Close at a stroke 236 distilleries, 992 breweries and more than 300,000 saloons and wholesale liquor houses, forcing their employees to seek other jobs.

Cut off from these persons an annual income totaling more than \$70,000,000 in pre-war times.

Cut off from the United States treasury a source of taxation counted upon for an even \$1,000,000,000 in the first drafts of the new revenue bill and millions in additional incomes to city and state treasuries.

Remove the liquor question from national, state and city politics for all time, and help decrease city, state and federal expenses by decreasing law violations.

Improve public health and increase longevity to the economic value of billions of dollars.

Bring about a rapid decrease in many forms of insanity.

SMALL FIRE ON THIRD STREET.

Sparks from a flue caused an alarm to the fire department from a house owned by Mr. Samuel Rice on Third street late last evening. The fire ladders responded promptly, but outside of a feather bed damaged there was little loss.

The fire engine may visit you next. Let L. P. Evans, the insurance man of Richmond, call first and protect your property with a policy. It

500 Lost In French Ship

New York, Jan. 17.—A cablegram from Rome to the New York American says: "Five hundred persons perished when the French steamship Chaprai, outward bound from Marseilles, struck a mine and sank. The ship went down in the Straits of Messina. She sank four minutes after striking the mine."

J. V. Jett was appointed by the county court as guardian for his wife, Mrs. Edith Jett, with Mrs. Anna Jett as surety.

LECTURE COURSE OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SOUTH

The Laity of the Methodist Church of Richmond, Kentucky, offers the following lecture course:

1. Rev. R. G. Combs, Paris, Ky. January 24, 1919, 8 P. M. Subject—Folk Lore of the Kentucky Mountains by One of Them.
2. Dr. R. H. Crossfield, of Transylvania University. February 7, 8 P. M. Subject—The Pleasures of Preparation for Complete Living.
3. Rev. M. T. Chandler, Richmond, Ky. February 14, 8 P. M. Subject—The Sunny Side of Life.
4. Dr. Homer Carpenter, Richmond, Ky. February 28, 8 P. M. Subject—The True Significance of the Reconstruction Period on the Various Activities of the Human Family.
5. Miss Ruth Annette Hardin, of E. K. S. N. March 14, 8 P. M. Subject—An Evening's Entertainment assisted by the Methodist Orchestra and Miss Mary Wilder, vocalist.
6. Prof. Charles A. Keith, of E. K. S. N. March 28, 8 P. M. Subject—Eyes to the Front.
7. The Home Concert and Entertainment Company of Richmond, April 11, 8 P. M. Subject—An Evening's Entertainment consisting of music, readings, and a short play. The company will be assisted by Miss Cynthia Davison, vocalist, Miss Metcalf, pianist, and Miss Lillian Aurora Smith, violinist.

RED LEADERS KILLED BY MOB IN BERLIN

Bolsheviki Agitators Who Caused Most of Trouble in Hun Capital, Put Out Of Way.

Berlin, Thursday, Jan. 16.—Bulletin—Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the Spartan leader was shot and killed by soldiers and Rosa Luxemburg, his chief lieutenant is reported, by a mob here yesterday. Liebknecht, who was under arrest, was shot while trying to escape.

Fraulin Luxemburg, after having first been beaten by the angry crowd, was also shot.

Both were arrested in the Hotel Eden, placed in an automobile to be conveyed to prison, when a mob attacked the machine.

When it became known that Liebknecht and Fraulin Luxemburg were in the hotel, a crowd congregated. Both were spirited to the side entrance but the mob learned of the ruse and was waiting when they appeared. The woman was seized, beaten insensate and thrown into an automobile. A few blocks away a second mob stopped the machine, a man jumped on the running board and shot her through the head. Her body was dragged from the automobile and carried off. It is supposed to have been thrown into the canal but it has not been found.

Meanwhile Liebknecht was placed in another car and headed for Moabit prison. While traveling through Tiergarten, it broke down. Liebknecht attempted to escape and was shot thru the base of the neck, and instantly killed.

BERLIN ELECTIONS SUNDAY

Berlin, Jan. 17.—With elections to national assembly to be held next Sunday, the Bourgeois parties are bending every energy to rally both male and female voters in a gigantic protest against Bolshevism. It is considered highly doubtful now if the radicals poll over 45 per cent of the vote. The Berlin women are carrying on an active campaign. They appear keenly alive to the issues and appear to understand their franchise privileges.

Want Russia There

Paris, Jan. 17.—The question of how and when Russia will be represented in the peace conference continues the most important before the Supreme Council. Opinion in conference circles is that she must be represented. Substantial progress is hope for from the discussion which may be continued tomorrow. The position of the council regarding publicity of its proceedings is considered today likely to be modified.

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